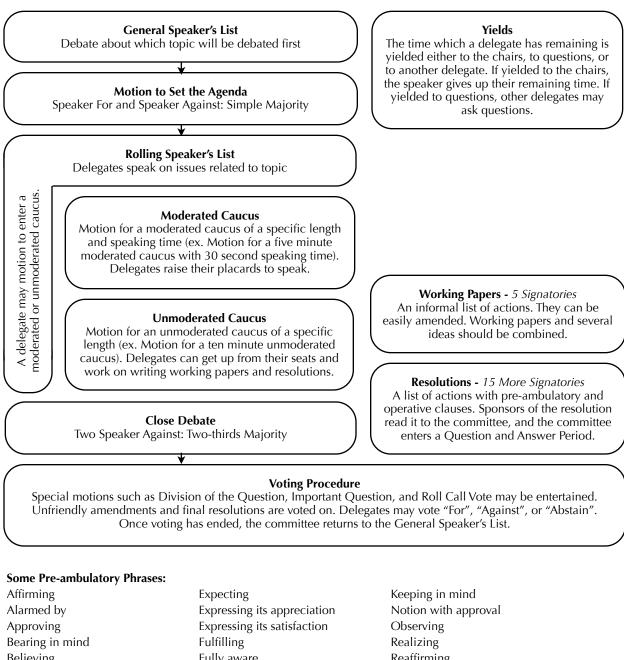
central new york model united nations

Harvard Style Procedure



Believing Citing Concerned that Convinced Declaring Deeply regretting Emphasizing

Some Operative Phrases: Accepts

Affirms

Expressing its adiptroval Expressing its satisfacti Fulfilling Fully aware Further recalling Guided by Having adopted Having considered Having studied Having received

Draws attention Designates

Notion with approval Observing Realizing Reaffirming Recognizing Seeking Taking into account Taking note Viewing with appreciation

Proclaims Recommends

central new york model united nations

Approves	Emphasizes	Reminds
Authorizes	Encourages	Requests
Calls upon	Endorses	Resolves
Condemns *	Expresses	Strongly condemns '
Considers	Further invites	Supports
Declares accordingly	Further requests	Transmits
Deplores	Notes	Urges
* Those operative phrases ma	y only be used in resolutions by th	o Socurity Council

These operative phrases may only be used in resolutions by the Security Council

Points and Motions:

Point of Information

To ask questions to a speaker who has yielded remaining time to questions.

Point of Order

To complain of improper parliamentary procedure by the Chair or another delegate

Point of Inquiry

To inquire about the proper method of procedure

Point of Personal Privilege

A request of personal preference: ex. to close the window, or ask a delegate to speak louder

Motion to Set the Agenda

Speaker For, Speaker Against Simple Majority After the committee has reached a general consensus on the topic to be discussed, a delegate may motion to set the agenda to this topic and create a Rolling Speakers List.

Motion to Extend the Speaker's Time

On the General Speakers List and Rolling Speakers List, a speaker has a set amount of time, and a set number of extensions. Other delegates may motion to extend the speaker's time if they wish to hear the delegate speak more or ask further questions.

Motion to Introduce a Working Paper or Resolution

When a working paper or resolution has been finalized and approved by the chair, it may be introduced to the committee.

Motion for a Moderated Caucus

Creates a moderated caucus with a set length and speaking time. Delegates stand and speak when called on by the chair.

Motion for an Unmoderated Caucus

Creates an unmoderated caucus with a set length. Delegates may leave their seats, discuss ideas, and draft working papers and resolutions.

Motion to Close Debate

Two Speakers Against

When debate has finished and all resolutions have been finalized, delegates may motion to close debate and enter Voting Procedure.

Voting on Unfriendly Amendments

Unfriendly amendments are amendments added to a resolution that have not been agreed upon by all sponsors. They are voted on separately by the committee.

Division of the Question

Speaker For, Speaker Against Simple Majority Divides a resolution into individual or groups of operative clauses. Each is then voted on as if it were a separate resolution.

Important Question

Speaker For, Speaker Against Two-Thirds Majority If a resolution is extremely critical, a delegate may motion to present it as an important question. If this motion is passed, the resolution requires a two-thirds majority, rather than a simple majority, to be passed.

Central New York MUN

Objections

*

Simple Majority

Simple Majority

Two-Thirds Majority

Simple Majority